

Find the *x*-coordinate of the point where the graph of the curve with equation $y = \log_3(x-2) + 1$ intersects the *x*-axis.

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(a) Express $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 5$ in the form $f(x) = (x - a)^2 + b$.

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(b) On the same diagram sketch:

(i) the graph of y = f(x);

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(ii) the graph of y = 10 - f(x).

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(c) Find the range of values of x for which 10 - f(x) is positive.

Tuesday.

A is the point (2, -5, 6), B is (6, -3, 4) and C is (12, 0, 1). Show that A, B and C are collinear and determine the ratio in which B divides AC.

The diagram shows representatives of two vectors, a and b, inclined at an angle of 60° .

If |a| = 2 and |b| = 3, evaluate $a \cdot (a + b)$

(3)

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The diagram shows a sketch of part of the graph of $y = \log_5 x$.

(a) Make a copy of the graph of $y = \log_5 x$. On your copy, sketch the graph of $y = \log_5 x + 1$. Find the coordinates of the point where it crosses the *x*-axis.

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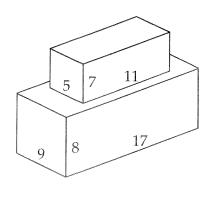
(b) Make a second copy of the graph of $y = \log_5 x$.

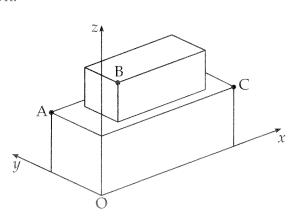
On your copy, sketch the graph of $y = \log_5 \frac{1}{x}$.

2

A cuboid measuring 11 cm by 5 cm by 7 cm is placed centrally on top of another cuboid measuring 17 cm by 9 cm by 8 cm.

Coordinates axes are taken as shown.





(a) The point A has coordinates (0,9,8) and C has coordinates (17,0,8). Write down the coordinates of B.

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(b) Calculate the size of angle ABC.

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