

- A curve has equation $y = x^4 4x^3 + 3$.
 - (a) Find algebraically the coordinates of the stationary points.

(b) Determine the nature of the stationary points.

2

A curve has equation $y = 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x - 5$.

Prove that this curve has no stationary points.

5

For what values of x is the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x - 4$ increasing?

5

Find the exact solutions of the equation $4\sin^2 x = 1$, $0 \le x < 2\pi$.

(5) Solve $2\sin 3x^{\circ} - 1 = 0$ for $0 \le x \le 180$.

4

Find, correct to one decimal place, the value of x between 180 and 270 which satisfies the equation $3\cos(2x^{\circ} - 40^{\circ}) - 1 = 0$.

5