Statistics (2) - Mean, Median & Mode (Frequency Tables)

Calculate the mean and determine the median and mode for each frequency table below.

Apple Weight (g)	f
70	2
71	6
72	9
73	11
74	8
75	3
76	1

Eggs in Nest	f	
1	5	
2	15	
3	25	
4	30	
5	15	
6	10	

Test Marks /10	f	
3	1	
4	0	
5	2	
. 6	8	
7	9	
8	13	
9	9	
10	8	

Twenty-five children were measured and their heights are shown in the frequency table below.

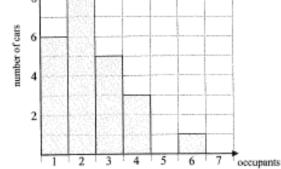
height	(metres)	1.4	1.44	1.48	1.52	1.56
frequ	ency	3	5	6	8	3

Calculate the mean height of the 25 children correct to 1 decimal place.

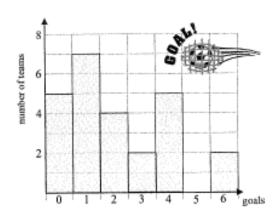
 In a survey the number of occupants in the cars passing a school was recorded.

> The results have been shown in the histogram opposite.

- (a) How many cars were in the survey?
- (b) What is the modal number of occupants?



- (c) Construct a frequency table from the diagram and use it to calculate the mean number of occupants per car correct to 1d.p.
- The graph opposite shows the number of goals scored by 25 football teams on a particular Saturday.
 - (a) What is the range of goals scored?
 - (b) State the median and modal number of goals.
 - (c) What percentage of the teams scored 2 goals?
 - (d) Construct a frequency table from the graph and use it to calculate the mean number of goals scored.



5. (Extension) Construct your own frequency table to fit the following criteria:

Range = 5,
$$\sum f = 15$$
, mode = 7, median = 6, mean = 6

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Table 1: $mean = 72 \cdot 25$, median = 73, mode = 731.

Table 2: mean = 3.65, median = 4, mode = 4

Table 3: mean = $7 \cdot 78$, median = 8 , mode = 8

2. mean = 1.5 m

3. (a) 23 cars (b) 2

(c) frequency table , mean = 2 · 4 occupants/car

4.

(a) range = 6 goals (b) median = 2 goals, mode = 1 goal

(c) 16%

(d) frequency table, mean = 2.12 goals

5. A possible answer

х	3	4	5	6	7	8
frequency	1	2	2	3	5	2