

# X100/13/01

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NATIONAL  
QUALIFICATIONS  
2013

WEDNESDAY, 22 MAY  
1.00 PM – 4.00 PM

MATHEMATICS  
ADVANCED HIGHER

**Read carefully**

- 1 Calculators may be used in this paper.
- 2 Candidates should answer **all** questions.
- 3 **Full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working.**



## Answer all the questions

1. Write down the binomial expansion of  $\left(3x - \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^4$  and simplify your answer. 4
2. Differentiate  $f(x) = e^{\cos x} \sin^2 x$ . 3
3. Matrices  $A$  and  $B$  are defined by  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & p \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{pmatrix} x & -6 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ .
  - (a) Find  $A^2$ . 1
  - (b) Find the value of  $p$  for which  $A^2$  is singular. 2
  - (c) Find the values of  $p$  and  $x$  if  $B = 3A'$ . 2
4. The velocity,  $v$ , of a particle  $P$  at time  $t$  is given by
 
$$v = e^{3t} + 2e^t.$$
  - (a) Find the acceleration of  $P$  at time  $t$ . 2
  - (b) Find the distance covered by  $P$  between  $t = 0$  and  $t = \ln 3$ . 3
5. Use the Euclidean algorithm to obtain the greatest common divisor of 1204 and 833, expressing it in the form  $1204a + 833b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers. 4
6. Integrate  $\frac{\sec^2 3x}{1 + \tan 3x}$  with respect to  $x$ . 4
7. Given that  $z = 1 - \sqrt{3}i$ , write down  $\bar{z}$  and express  $\bar{z}^2$  in polar form. 4
8. Use integration by parts to obtain  $\int x^2 \cos 3x \, dx$ . 5
9. Prove by induction that, for all positive integers  $n$ ,

$$\sum_{r=1}^n (4r^3 + 3r^2 + r) = n(n+1)^3 \quad 6$$

10. Describe the loci in the complex plane given by:

(a)  $|z + i| = 1$ ;

2

(b)  $|z - 1| = |z + 5|$ .

3

11. A curve has equation

$$x^2 + 4xy + y^2 + 11 = 0.$$

Find the values of  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  and  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  at the point  $(-2, 3)$ .

6

12. Let  $n$  be a natural number.

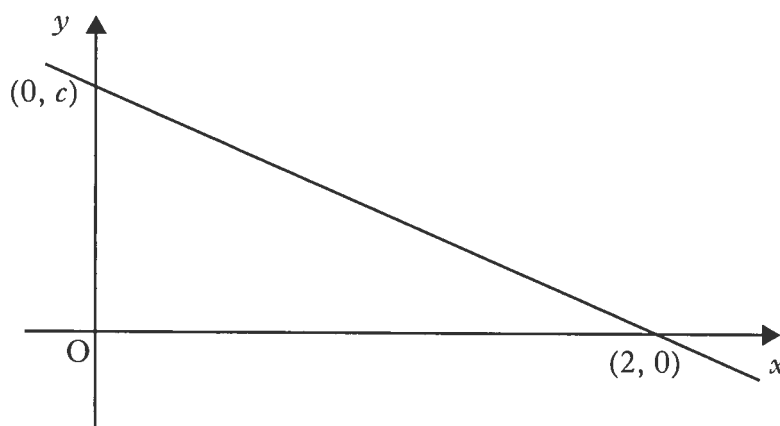
For each of the following statements, decide whether it is true or false. If true, give a proof; if false, give a counterexample.

A If  $n$  is a multiple of 9 then so is  $n^2$ .

B If  $n^2$  is a multiple of 9 then so is  $n$ .

4

13. Part of the straight line graph of a function  $f(x)$  is shown.



(a) Sketch the graph of  $f^{-1}(x)$ , showing points of intersection with the axes.

2

(b) State the value of  $k$  for which  $f(x) + k$  is an odd function.

1

(c) Find the value of  $h$  for which  $|f(x + h)|$  is an even function.

2

[Turn over for Questions 14 to 17 on Page four]

14. Solve the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} + 9y = 4e^{3x}, \text{ given that } y = 1 \text{ and } \frac{dy}{dx} = -1 \text{ when } x = 0. \quad 11$$

15. (a) Find an equation of the plane  $\pi_1$ , through the points  $A(0, -1, 3)$ ,  $B(1, 0, 3)$  and  $C(0, 0, 5)$ . 4

(b)  $\pi_2$  is the plane through  $A$  with normal in the direction  $-\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ .

Find an equation of the plane  $\pi_2$ . 2

(c) Determine the acute angle between planes  $\pi_1$  and  $\pi_2$ . 3

16. In an environment without enough resources to support a population greater than 1000, the population  $P(t)$  at time  $t$  is governed by Verhurst's law

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = P(1000 - P).$$

Show that

$$\ln \frac{P}{1000 - P} = 1000t + C \quad \text{for some constant } C. \quad 4$$

Hence show that

$$P(t) = \frac{1000K}{K + e^{-1000t}} \quad \text{for some constant } K. \quad 3$$

Given that  $P(0) = 200$ , determine at what time  $t$ ,  $P(t) = 900$ . 3

17. Write down the sums to infinity of the geometric series

$$1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots$$

and

$$1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + \dots$$

valid for  $|x| < 1$ .

Assuming that it is permitted to integrate an infinite series term by term, show that, for  $|x| < 1$ ,

$$\ln \left( \frac{1+x}{1-x} \right) = 2 \left( x + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \dots \right). \quad 7$$

Show how this series can be used to evaluate  $\ln 2$ .

Hence determine the value of  $\ln 2$  correct to 3 decimal places. 3

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]